

AP EXAM Regional Progression

Western Europe	Western Europe (cont'd)	Eastern Europe	Saharan Africa
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indo-European migrations • Minoans • Mycenaean • Greeks • Romans • Invasions Germans, Vikings, Magyars, Huns • Collapse of Rome • Byzantine Empire • Feudalism • Great Schism (Catholic vs. Orthodox) • Rise of Catholic Church • Charlemagne • Treaty of Verdun • Treaty of Worms • Holy Roman Empire • Crusades • Renaissance • <i>Reconquista</i> • Venetian trade city-states • Hanseatic League • Rise of nations- France, Britain, Spain, Portugal • Age of Discovery • Columbian Exchange • Reformation (Protestant vs. Catholic) • Scientific Revolution and Enlightenment • Commercial Revolution-mercantilism 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Magna Carta • Western Schism (Avignon vs. Rome) • Counter Reformation (Council of Trent) • French Revolution • Napoleonic Wars • Congress of Vienna • Revolutions of 1848 • Industrial Revolution • Victorian Era • New Imperialism • Unification of Italy and Germany • Balance of Power • Nationalism • World War I • Rise of fascism, Nazism • World War II • United Nations • NATO • EEU • Marshal Plan • Cold War • Post Cold War issues 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Arrival of Vikings • Arrival of Huns, Magyars • Slavs • Kievan Rus • Vladimir I • Byzantine influences- Orthodox Christianity, word "tsar", Cyrillic • Mongols • Ivan III • Ivan IV • Michael Romanov • Romanov Dynasty- Tsarist Russia • Peter the Great • Catherine the Great • Russian Expansion • Balkan independence movements from Ottomans (i.e. Serbia) • Alexander III • Nicholas II • WWI • New nations of Poland, Czechoslovakia, and Yugoslavia • Bolshevik Revolution • Stalin's regime • WWII • Cold War • Warsaw Pact • Post Cold War • Bosnian Genocide • Democracy 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Egypt • Nubian Kush • Trans-Saharan trade • Alexander (Ptolemaic Egypt) • Carthage • Punic Wars • Introduction of camel • Umayyad Caliphate • Mali • Mamluks • Ottoman Empire • Trans-Saharan slave trade • Muhammad Ali modernization efforts in Egypt • New Imperialism • Ethiopia • Impact of WWII • De-colonization • France/Algerian civil war • Egyptian wars with Israel • Anwar Sadat (Egypt) attempt at Middle East peace with Israel

Sub-Saharan Africa	Central Asia	South Asia	Southeast Asia
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bantu migrations • Role in trans-Saharan trade • Ghana • Benin • Songhai • Axum • Greater Zimbabwe • Swahili coast • Kongo • African slave trade- west coast then east coast • Role in Indian Ocean trade • Role in Atlantic system trade • Columbian Exchange • Ivory coast • Gold coast • Palm oil • Cape Colony • Boer War • New Imperialism- Scramble for Africa • Berlin Conference • De-colonization • Role in Cold War • African National Congress • Apartheid • Rwanda genocide • Darfur (Sudan) genocide 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mesopotamia • Phoenicians • Israel • Anatolia (Asia Minor) • Assyrian Empire • Persian Empire • Hellenistic Empire of Alexander • Seleucids • Parthian • Rise/spread of Islam • Sunni vs. Shi'a • Umayyad caliphate • Abbasid caliphate • Golden Age of Islam • Crusades • Aden and role in Indian Ocean trade • Mongols arrival • El Khan khanate • Ottoman Empire • Suleiman the Law Giver • Young Turks • Safavid Empire- Shah Abbas • WWI • Armenian genocide • Mustafa Kemal and creation of modern Turkey • Mandate system • WWII • Creation of Israel • Israeli tensions/conflicts with Arab neighbors • Palestinian Question • OPEC • Soviet invasion of Afghanistan • Iran/Iraq War • Iranian Islamic Revolution • US invasions of Iraq, Afghanistan • Islamic Radicalism 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Harappa • Aryan invasions • Dravidians • Hinduism • Buddhism • Caste system • Alexander's invasion • Mauryan • Gupta • Delhi Sultanate • Mughal • Indian Ocean trade • Arrival of Europeans • East India Co.- Robert Clive • Sepoy Rebellion • "Jewel of the Crown" • Indian National Congress • WWI • WWII • Gandhi • India and Pakistan • Rise of India as economic power 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Funan • Polynesian migration • Khmer • Siam • Role in Indian Ocean trade • Malacca • Champa and Annam • Da Viet • Aborigines • French and Dutch colonization • Spanish American War impact on Philippines • Indochina (Vietnam as colony of French) • Ho Chi Minh • Indochina War • Vietnam War • Killing Fields- Cambodian genocide of Pol Pot • Cold War • Communist Vietnam • Singapore as Little Tiger (economic power)

East Asia	Eurasia	North America	Latin America
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shang • Zhou • Confucianism • Daoism • Legalism • Qin • Emperor Wudi • Han • Sui • Tang • Song • Yuan • Ming • Zheng He expeditions • Qing • Opium War • Unequal treaties • European domination • Taiping Rebellion • Boxer rebellion • May Fourth Movement • Dr. Sun Yat-sen • Mongols • feudal Japan • Koryo • Yi Korea • Tokugawa Japan • Meiji Period • Japanese imperialism • Russo-Japanese War • Sino-Japanese War • Manchurian Incident • Japanese invasion of China • Quomintang vs. Mao Communists • Great Leap Forward • Cultural Revolution • WWII • Rise of Japan and China as economic powers • Korean War • Cold War • Rise of Little Tigers- S. Korea, Taiwan • Hong Kong 1997 • Taiwan Question 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Slavs • Mongols • Tibet • Uighurs • Silk Road • Russian and Soviet Expansion • Chinese expansion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Paleolithic people • Mississippi/Hopewell/Adena mound builders • Anastazi • Vikings • England, Netherlands, France, Spain colonization • Smallpox • Triangular trade • American Revolution • African slavery • Plantation South • Canada- dominion to commonwealth • Industrialization • US Civil War • Abolition • Westward expansion (Manifest Destiny) • Spanish American War • Monroe Doctrine • WWI • Roaring Twenties and Great Depression • WWII • Truman Doctrine • Manhattan Project • Arms and Space Races • Urbanization • Cold War • Korean and Vietnam Wars • Revolutionary 1960s • War on terrorism 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Olmec • Chavin • Moche • Mi'ta system • Toltec • Mayan • Aztec • Inca • Spanish and Portuguese conquests • Sugar plantations • Gold and Silver exported • Columbian Exchange • African slavery • Smallpox • Catholic Church influence • Liberation 1800s • Simon Bolivar • Juntas • Mexico Revolution 1910 • Emilio Zapata • Peron's policies • Fascism • Communism • Fidel Castro • Chez Guevara • Hugo Chavez • Mexico and Venezuela oil-OPEC members • Migrations to north • Unrest in 19th and 20th century